SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name : Hydrogen chloride
SDS no : NOAL_0069
Other means of identification : Hydrogen chloride
CAS-No. : 7647-01-0
EC-No. : 231-595-7
EC Index-No. : 017-002-00-2
REACH registration No : 01-2119484862-27
Chemical formula : HCl

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : Industrial and professional uses. Perform risk assessment prior to use.
See the list of identified uses and exposure scenarios in the annex of the safety data sheet.
Perform risk assessment prior to use.
Contact supplier for more information on uses.
Uses advised against : Consumer use.
Uses other than those listed above are not supported, contact your supplier for more information on other uses.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company identification

Supplier
AIR LIQUIDE GAS AB
Pulpetgatan 20
215 37 Malmö - SWEDEN
T +46 40 38 10 00
info.sweden@airliquide.com

E-Mail address (competent person) : eunordic-sds@airliquide.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : 112
Availability
(24 / 7)

Country	Organisation/Company	Address	Emergency number	Comment
Germany	Giftnotruf Erfurt Gemeinsames Giftinformationszentrum der Länder Mecklenburg-Vorpommern, Sachsen, Sachsen-Anhalt und Thüringen, c/o HELIOS Klinikum Erfurt	Nordhäuser Straße 74 99089 Erfurt	+49 (0) 361 730 730	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Physical hazards	Gases under pressure : Liquefied gas	H280
Health hazards	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 3	H331

Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1, Sub-Category 1A	H314
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1	H318

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP) :

GHS04 GHS05 GHS06

Signal word (CLP) : Danger

Hazard statements (CLP) : H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H331 - Toxic if inhaled.

Precautionary statements (CLP)

- Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.

- Response : P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label).
P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water .
P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

- Storage : P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P405 - Store locked up.
P410+P403 - Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

- Disposal considerations : P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

2.3. Other hazards

None.
Not classified as PBT or vPvB.
The substance/mixture has no endocrine disrupting properties.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Name	Product identifier	Composition [V-%]:	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Hydrogen chloride	CAS-No.: 7647-01-0 EC-No.: 231-595-7 EC Index-No.: 017-002-00-2 REACH registration No: 01-2119484862-27	100	Press. Gas (Liq.), H280 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas), H331 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318

Contains no other components or impurities which will influence the classification of the product.

3.2. Mixtures Not established.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

- Inhalation : Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation if breathing stopped.
- Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. In case of frostbite spray with water for at least 15 minutes. Apply a sterile dressing. Obtain medical assistance.
- Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes.
- Ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May cause severe chemical burns to skin and cornea. Suitable first-aid treatment should be immediately available. Seek medical advice before using product.
Material is destructive to tissue of the mucuous membranes and upper respiratory tract.
Cough, shortness of breath, headache, nausea.
See section 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical assistance.
Treat with corticosteroid spray as soon as possible after inhalation.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray or fog.
  Product does not burn, use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards : Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode.
Hazardous combustion products : None that are more hazardous than the product itself.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Specific methods : Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas receptacles to rupture. Cool endangered receptacles with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.
If possible, stop flow of product.
Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.
Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters : Wear gas tight chemically protective clothing in combination with self contained breathing apparatus.
Standard EN 943-2: Protective clothing against liquid and gaseous chemicals, aerosols and solid particles. Gas-tight chemical protective suits for emergency teams.
Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : Act in accordance with local emergency plan.
Try to stop release.
Evacuate area.
Ensure adequate air ventilation.
Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous.
Stay upwind.
See section 8 of the SDS for more information on personal protective equipment

For emergency responders : Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.
Use chemically protective clothing.
Monitor concentration of released product.
See section 5.3 of the SDS for more information.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Reduce vapour with fog or fine water spray.
Try to stop release.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Hose down area with water.
Keep area evacuated and free from ignition sources until any spilled liquid has evaporated (ground free from frost).
Wash contaminated equipment or sites of leaks with copious quantities of water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Safe use of the product : Do not breathe gas.
Avoid release of product into atmosphere.
The product must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.
Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure.
Consider pressure relief device(s) in gas installations.
Ensure the complete gas system was (or is regularily) checked for leaks before use.
Do not smoke while handling product.
Avoid exposure, obtain special instructions before use.
Avoid contact with aluminium.
Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt.
Installation of a cross purge assembly between the container and the regulator is recommended.
Purge system with dry inert gas (e.g. helium or nitrogen) before gas is introduced and when system is placed out of service.
Avoid suck back of water, acid and alkalis.

Safe handling of the gas receptacle : Refer to supplier's container handling instructions.
Do not allow backfeed into the container.
Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop.
When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders.
Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use.
If user experiences any difficulty operating valve discontinue use and contact supplier.
Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices.
Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier.
Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminants particularly oil and water.
Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps where supplied as soon as container is disconnected from equipment.
Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment.
Never attempt to transfer gases from one cylinder/container to another.
Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container.
Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the content of the container.
Suck back of water into the container must be prevented.
Open valve slowly to avoid pressure shock.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers.
Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion.
Container valve guards or caps should be in place.
Containers should be stored in the vertical position and properly secured to prevent them from falling over.
Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage.
Keep container below 50°C in a well ventilated place.
Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition.
Keep away from combustible materials.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Hydrogen chloride (7647-01-0)	
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)	
Local name	Hydrogen chloride
IOEL TWA	8 mg/m³
IOEL TWA [ppm]	5 ppm
IOEL STEL	15 mg/m³
IOEL STEL [ppm]	10 ppm
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Chlorwasserstoff
MAK (mg/m³)	8 mg/m³
MAK (OEL TWA) [ppm]	5 ppm
MAK (OEL STEL)	15 mg/m³

MAK (OEL STEL) [ppm]	10 ppm
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Hydrogène (chlorure d') # Waterstofchloride
OEL TWA	8 mg/m³
OEL TWA [ppm]	5 ppm
OEL STEL	15 mg/m³
OEL STEL [ppm]	10 ppm
Bulgaria - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Хлороводород
OEL TWA	8 mg/m³
OEL TWA [ppm]	5 ppm
OEL STEL	15 mg/m³
OEL STEL [ppm]	10 ppm
Remark	• (Химични агенти, за които са определени гранични стойности във въздуха на работната среда за Европейската общност)
Croatia - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Vodikov klorid
GVI (OEL TWA) [1]	8 mg/m³
GVI (OEL TWA) [2]	5 ppm
KGVI (OEL STEL)	15 mg/m³
KGVI (OEL STEL) [ppm]	10 ppm
Remark	EU*, T, C
Czech Republic - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Chlorovodík
PEL (OEL TWA)	8 mg/m³
PEL (OEL TWA) [ppm]	5.43 ppm
NPK-P (OEL C)	15 mg/m³
NPK-P (OEL C) [ppm]	10.19 ppm
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Hydrogenchlorid (Chlorbrinte)
OEL TWA [1]	7 mg/m³
OEL TWA [2]	5 ppm
Estonia - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Vesinikkloriid
OEL TWA	8 mg/m³
OEL TWA [ppm]	5 ppm

OEL STEL	15 mg/m³
OEL STEL [ppm]	10 ppm
Finland - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Kloorivety, vedetön
HTP (OEL STEL)	7.6 mg/m³
HTP (OEL STEL) [ppm]	5 ppm
France - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Chlorure d'hydrogène (Acide chlorhydrique)
VLE (OEL C/STEL)	7.6 mg/m³
VLE (OEL C/STEL) [ppm]	5 ppm
Remark	Valeurs règlementaires contraignantes
Germany - Occupational Exposure Limits (TRGS 900)	
Local name	Hydrogenchlorid
AGW (OEL TWA) [1]	3 mg/m³
AGW (OEL TWA) [2]	2 ppm
Remark	DFG,EU,Y
Greece - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OEL TWA	7 mg/m³
OEL TWA [ppm]	5 ppm
OEL STEL	7 mg/m³
OEL STEL [ppm]	5 ppm
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	SÓSAV
AK (OEL TWA)	8 mg/m³
CK (OEL STEL)	16 mg/m³
Ireland - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Hydrogen chloride
OEL TWA [1]	8 mg/m³
OEL TWA [2]	5 ppm
OEL STEL	15 mg/m³
OEL STEL [ppm]	10 ppm
Italy - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Acido cloridrico
OEL TWA	8 mg/m³
OEL TWA [ppm]	5 ppm
OEL STEL	15 mg/m³

OEL STEL [ppm]	10 ppm
Latvia - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Hlorūdeņradis
OEL TWA	8 mg/m³
OEL TWA [ppm]	5 ppm
OEL STEL	15 mg/m³
OEL STEL [ppm]	10 ppm
Lithuania - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Vandenilio chloridas
IPRV (OEL TWA)	8 mg/m³
IPRV (OEL TWA) [ppm]	5 ppm
TPRV (OEL STEL)	15 mg/m³
TPRV (OEL STEL) [ppm]	10 ppm
Luxembourg - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Chlorure d'hydrogène
OEL TWA	8 mg/m³
OEL TWA [ppm]	5 ppm
OEL STEL	15 mg/m³
OEL STEL [ppm]	10 ppm
Malta - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Hydrogenchloride
OEL TWA	8 mg/m³
OEL TWA [ppm]	5 ppm
OEL STEL	15 mg/m³
OEL STEL [ppm]	10 ppm
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Zoutzuur
TGG-8u (OEL TWA)	8 mg/m³
TGG-15min (OEL STEL)	15 mg/m³
Poland - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Chlorowodór
NDS (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³
NDSCh (OEL STEL)	10 mg/m³
Portugal - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	(1) Ácido clorídrico
OEL C [ppm]	2 ppm

Romania - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Acid clorhidric
OEL TWA	8 mg/m³
OEL TWA [ppm]	5 ppm
OEL STEL	15 mg/m³
OEL STEL [ppm]	10 ppm
Slovakia - Occupational Exposure Limits	
NPHV (OEL TWA) [1]	8 mg/m³
NPHV (OEL TWA) [2]	5 ppm
NPHV (OEL STEL)	15 mg/m³
Slovenia - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	vodikov klorid, brezvodni (klorovodik, brezvodni)
OEL TWA	8 mg/m³
OEL TWA [ppm]	5 ppm
OEL STEL	16 mg/m³
OEL STEL [ppm]	10 ppm
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Cloruro de hidrógeno
VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [1]	7.6 mg/m³
VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [2]	5 ppm
VLA-EC (OEL STEL)	15 mg/m³
VLA-EC (OEL STEL) [ppm]	10 ppm
Remark	VLI (Agente químico para el que la U.E. estableció en su día un valor límite indicativo. Todos estos agentes químicos figuran al menos en una de las directivas de valores límite indicativos publicadas hasta ahora (ver Anexo C. Bibliografía). Los estados miembros disponen de un tiempo fijado en dichas directivas para su transposición a los valores límites de cada país miembro. Una vez adoptados, estos valores tienen la misma validez que el resto de los valores adoptados por el país).
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Saltsyra
NGV (OEL TWA)	3 mg/m³ 3 mg/m³
NGV (OEL TWA) [ppm]	2 ppm 2 ppm
KTV (OEL STEL)	6 mg/m³ 6 mg/m³
KTV (OEL STEL) [ppm]	4 ppm 4 ppm

United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Hydrogen chloride
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	2 mg/m³ gas and aerosol mists
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [2]	1 ppm gas and aerosol mists
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	8 mg/m³ gas and aerosol mists
WEL STEL (OEL STEL) [ppm]	5 ppm gas and aerosol mists
Iceland - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Vetnisklóríð (klórvetni)
OEL STEL	8 mg/m³
OEL STEL [ppm]	5 ppm
Norway - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Hydrogenklorid
Grenseverdi (OEL TWA) [1]	7 mg/m³
Grenseverdi (OEL TWA) [2]	5 ppm
Switzerland - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Chlorwasserstoff
MAK (OEL TWA) [1]	3 mg/m³ 3 mg/m³
MAK (OEL TWA) [2]	2 ppm 2 ppm
KZGW (OEL STEL)	6 mg/m³ 6 mg/m³
KZGW (OEL STEL) [ppm]	4 ppm 4 ppm
Remark	SSc - OAW$^{KT\ AN}$ - DFG, NIOSH, OSHA
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Hydrogen chloride
ACGIH OEL C [ppm]	2 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	URT irr

Hydrogen chloride (7647-01-0)	
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)	
Local name	Hydrogen chloride
IOEL TWA	8 mg/m³
IOEL TWA [ppm]	5 ppm
IOEL STEL	15 mg/m³
IOEL STEL [ppm]	10 ppm

Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Chlorwasserstoff
MAK (mg/m³)	8 mg/m³
MAK (OEL TWA) [ppm]	5 ppm
MAK (OEL STEL)	15 mg/m³
MAK (OEL STEL) [ppm]	10 ppm
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Hydrogène (chlorure d') # Waterstofchloride
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OEL TWA [ppm]	5 ppm
OEL STEL	15 mg/m³
OEL STEL [ppm]	10 ppm
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OEL TWA	8 mg/m³
OEL TWA [ppm]	5 ppm
OEL STEL	15 mg/m³
OEL STEL [ppm]	10 ppm
Remark	• (Химични агенти, за които са определени гранични стойности във въздуха на работната среда за Европейската общност)
Croatia - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Vodikov klorid
GVI (OEL TWA) [1]	8 mg/m³
GVI (OEL TWA) [2]	5 ppm
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KGVI (OEL STEL) [ppm]	10 ppm
Remark	EU*, T, C
Czech Republic - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Chlorovodík
PEL (OEL TWA)	8 mg/m³
PEL (OEL TWA) [ppm]	5.43 ppm
NPK-P (OEL C)	15 mg/m³
NPK-P (OEL C) [ppm]	10.19 ppm
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Hydrogenchlorid (Chlorbrinte)
OEL TWA [1]	7 mg/m³

OEL TWA [2]	5 ppm
Estonia - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Vesinikkloriid
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OEL TWA [ppm]	5 ppm
OEL STEL	15 mg/m³
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Finland - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Kloorivety, vedetön
HTP (OEL STEL)	7.6 mg/m³
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France - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Chlorure d'hydrogène (Acide chlorhydrique)
VLE (OEL C/STEL)	7.6 mg/m³
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Remark	Valeurs règlementaires contraignantes
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Remark	DFG,EU,Y
Greece - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OEL TWA	7 mg/m³
OEL TWA [ppm]	5 ppm
OEL STEL	7 mg/m³
OEL STEL [ppm]	5 ppm
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	SÓSAV
AK (OEL TWA)	8 mg/m³
CK (OEL STEL)	16 mg/m³
Ireland - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Hydrogen chloride
OEL TWA [1]	8 mg/m³
OEL TWA [2]	5 ppm
OEL STEL	15 mg/m³
OEL STEL [ppm]	10 ppm

Italy - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Acido cloridrico
OEL TWA	8 mg/m³
OEL TWA [ppm]	5 ppm
OEL STEL	15 mg/m³
OEL STEL [ppm]	10 ppm
Latvia - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Hlorūdeņradis
OEL TWA	8 mg/m³
OEL TWA [ppm]	5 ppm
OEL STEL	15 mg/m³
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OEL TWA	8 mg/m³
OEL TWA [ppm]	5 ppm
OEL STEL	15 mg/m³
OEL STEL [ppm]	10 ppm
Malta - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Hydrogenchloride
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OEL TWA [ppm]	5 ppm
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Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Zoutzuur
TGG-8u (OEL TWA)	8 mg/m³
TGG-15min (OEL STEL)	15 mg/m³
Poland - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Chlorowodór

NDS (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³
NDSCh (OEL STEL)	10 mg/m³
Portugal - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	(1) Ácido clorídrico
OEL C [ppm]	2 ppm
Romania - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Acid clorhidric
OEL TWA	8 mg/m³
OEL TWA [ppm]	5 ppm
OEL STEL	15 mg/m³
OEL STEL [ppm]	10 ppm
Slovakia - Occupational Exposure Limits	
NPHV (OEL TWA) [1]	8 mg/m³
NPHV (OEL TWA) [2]	5 ppm
NPHV (OEL STEL)	15 mg/m³
Slovenia - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	vodikov klorid, brezvodni (klorovodik, brezvodni)
OEL TWA	8 mg/m³
OEL TWA [ppm]	5 ppm
OEL STEL	16 mg/m³
OEL STEL [ppm]	10 ppm
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Cloruro de hidrógeno
VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [1]	7.6 mg/m³
VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [2]	5 ppm
VLA-EC (OEL STEL)	15 mg/m³
VLA-EC (OEL STEL) [ppm]	10 ppm
Remark	VLI (Agente químico para el que la U.E. estableció en su día un valor límite indicativo. Todos estos agentes químicos figuran al menos en una de las directivas de valores límite indicativos publicadas hasta ahora (ver Anexo C. Bibliografía). Los estados miembros disponen de un tiempo fijado en dichas directivas para su transposición a los valores límites de cada país miembro. Una vez adoptados, estos valores tienen la misma validez que el resto de los valores adoptados por el país).
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Saltsyra
NGV (OEL TWA)	3 mg/m³ 3 mg/m³

NGV (OEL TWA) [ppm]	2 ppm 2 ppm
KTV (OEL STEL)	6 mg/m³ 6 mg/m³
KTV (OEL STEL) [ppm]	4 ppm 4 ppm
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Hydrogen chloride
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	2 mg/m³ gas and aerosol mists
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [2]	1 ppm gas and aerosol mists
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	8 mg/m³ gas and aerosol mists
WEL STEL (OEL STEL) [ppm]	5 ppm gas and aerosol mists
Iceland - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Vetnisklóríð (klórvetni)
OEL STEL	8 mg/m³
OEL STEL [ppm]	5 ppm
Norway - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Hydrogenklorid
Grenseverdi (OEL TWA) [1]	7 mg/m³
Grenseverdi (OEL TWA) [2]	5 ppm
Switzerland - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Chlorwasserstoff
MAK (OEL TWA) [1]	3 mg/m³ 3 mg/m³
MAK (OEL TWA) [2]	2 ppm 2 ppm
KZGW (OEL STEL)	6 mg/m³ 6 mg/m³
KZGW (OEL STEL) [ppm]	4 ppm 4 ppm
Remark	SSc - OAW$^{KT\ AN}$ - DFG, NIOSH, OSHA
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Hydrogen chloride
ACGIH OEL C [ppm]	2 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	URT irr

Hydrogen chloride (7647-01-0)	
DNEL: Derived no effect level (Workers)	
Acute - local effects, inhalation	15 mg/m³

Long-term - local effects, inhalation	8 mg/m³

Hydrogen chloride (7647-01-0)	
DNEL: Derived no effect level (Workers)	
Acute - local effects, inhalation	15 mg/m³
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	8 mg/m³

Hydrogen chloride (7647-01-0)	
PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration	
Aqua (freshwater)	0.036 mg/l
Aqua (marine water)	0.036 mg/l
Aquatic, intermittent releases	0.045 mg/l
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plant (STP)	0.036 mg/l

Hydrogen chloride (7647-01-0)	
PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration	
Aqua (freshwater)	0.036 mg/l
Aqua (marine water)	0.036 mg/l
Aquatic, intermittent releases	0.045 mg/l
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plant (STP)	0.036 mg/l

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.
Product to be handled in a closed system.
Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages.
Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available).
Gas detectors should be used when toxic gases may be released.
Consider the use of a work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.

8.2.2. Individual protection measures, e.g. personal protective equipment

A risk assessment should be conducted and documented in each work area to assess the risks related to the use of the product and to select the PPE that matches the relevant risk.
The following recommendations should be considered:
PPE compliant to the recommended EN/ISO standards should be selected.

• Eye/face protection : Wear goggles and a face shield when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.
Standard EN 166 - Personal eye-protection - specifications.
Provide readily accessible eye wash stations and safety showers.

• Skin protection

- Hand protection : Wear working gloves when handling gas containers.
Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.
Standard EN 388 - Protective gloves against mechanical risk, performance level 1 or higher.
Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.
Standard EN 511 - Cold insulating gloves.
Standard EN 374 - Protective gloves against chemicals.
Permeation time: minimum >480min long term exposure : material / thickness Chloroprene rubber (Neoprene®) (CR) / 0.5 [mm].
Consult glove manufacturer´s product information on material suitability and material thickness.
The breakthrough time of the selected gloves must be greater than the intended use period.

- Other : Keep suitable chemically resistant protective clothing readily available for emergency use.
Standard EN943-1 - Full protective suits against liquid, solid and gaseous chemicals.
Wear safety shoes while handling containers.
Standard EN ISO 20345 - Personal protective equipment - Safety footwear.

• Respiratory protection : Gas filters may be used if all surrounding conditions e.g. type and concentration of the contaminant(s) and duration of use are known.
Use gas filters with full face mask, where exposure limits may be exceeded for a short-term period, e.g. connecting or disconnecting containers.
Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.
Recommended: Filter E (yellow).
Gas filters do not protect against oxygen deficiency.
Standard EN 14387 - Gas filter(s), combined filter(s) and standard EN136, full face masks .
Keep self contained breathing apparatus readily available for emergency use.
Self contained breathing apparatus is recommended, where unknown exposure may be expected, e.g. during maintenance activities on installation systems.

• Thermal hazards : None in addition to the above sections.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for specific methods for waste gas treatment.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
- Physical state at 20°C / 101.3kPa	:	Gas
- Colour	:	Colourless. Gives off white fumes in moist air.
Odour	:	Pungent. Odour threshold is subjective and inadequate to warn of overexposure.
pH	:	If dissolved in water pH-value will be affected.
Melting point / Freezing point	:	-114 °C -114 °C
Boiling point	:	-85 °C
Flash point	:	Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Flammability	:	Non flammable.
Explosive limits	:	Non flammable.
Lower explosion limit	:	Not available
Upper explosion limit	:	Not available
Vapour pressure [20°C]	:	42.6 bar(a)
Vapour pressure [50°C]	:	80.6 bar(a)
Density	:	Not applicable
Vapour density	:	Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Relative density, liquid (water=1)	:	1.2
Relative density, gas (air=1)	:	1.3
Water solubility	:	720000 mg/l
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	:	Not applicable for inorganic products.

Auto-ignition temperature	:	Non flammable.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No reliable data available.
Particle characteristics	:	Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties	:	Not applicable.
Oxidising properties	:	Not applicable.
Critical temperature [°C]	:	51.4 °C

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Molar mass	:	36.5 g/mol
Evaporation rate	:	Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Gas group	:	Press. Gas (Liq.)
Other data	:	Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.
None under normal use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid moisture in installation systems.

10.5. Incompatible materials

With water causes rapid corrosion of some metals.
Reacts with water to form corrosive acids.
May react violently with alkalis.
For additional information on compatibility refer to ISO 11114.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity : Toxic if inhaled.
Delayed fatal pulmonary oedema possible.

LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	1405 ppm/4h

Hydrogen chloride (7647-01-0)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	1405 ppm/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : No known effects from this product.

Germ cell mutagenicity : No known effects from this product.

Carcinogenicity : No known effects from this product.

Toxic for reproduction : Fertility : No known effects from this product.

Toxic for reproduction : unborn child : No known effects from this product.

STOT-single exposure : Severe corrosion to the respiratory tract at high concentrations.

STOT-repeated exposure : No known effects from this product.

Aspiration hazard : Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Other information : The substance/mixture has no endocrine disrupting properties.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Assessment : Classification criteria are not met.

EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l] : 4.92 mg/l

EC50 72h - Algae [mg/l] : 4.7 mg/l

LC50 96 h - Fish [mg/l] : 3.25 - 3.5

Hydrogen chloride (7647-01-0)	
EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l]	4.92 mg/l
EC50 72h - Algae [mg/l]	4.7 mg/l
LC50 96 h - Fish [mg/l]	3.25 - 3.5

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Assessment : Not applicable for inorganic products.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Assessment : No data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Assessment : Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution. Partition into soil is unlikely.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Assessment : Not classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

The substance/mixture has no endocrine disrupting properties.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : May cause pH changes in aqueous ecological systems.

Effect on the ozone layer : None.

Effect on global warming : No known effects from this product.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Contact supplier if guidance is required.
Must not be discharged to atmosphere.
Gas may be scrubbed in alkaline solution under controlled conditions to avoid violent reaction.
Ensure that the emission levels from local regulations or operating permits are not exceeded.
Refer to the EIGA code of practice Doc.30 "Disposal of Gases", downloadable at http://www.eiga.org for more guidance on suitable disposal methods.
Return unused product in original container to supplier.

List of hazardous waste codes (from Commission Decision 2000/532/EC as amended) : 16 05 04 *: Gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances.

13.2. Additional information

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN

UN-No. : 1050

14.2. UN proper shipping name

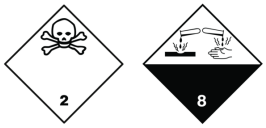
Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) : HYDROGEN CHLORIDE, ANHYDROUS

Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) : Hydrogen chloride, anhydrous

Transport by sea (IMDG) : HYDROGEN CHLORIDE, ANHYDROUS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Labelling :



2.3 : Toxic gases.
8 : Corrosive substances.

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)

Class : 2
Classification code : 2TC
Hazard identification number : 268
Tunnel Restriction : C/D - Tank carriage: Passage forbidden through tunnels of category C, D and E. Other carriage: Passage forbidden through tunnels of category D and E

Transport by sea (IMDG)

Class / Div. (Sub. risk(s)) : 2.3 (8)
Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Fire : F-C
Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Spillage : S-U

14.4. Packing group

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) : Not established.
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) : Not established.
Transport by sea (IMDG) : Not established.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) : None.
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) : None.

Transport by sea (IMDG) : None.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Packing Instruction(s)

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) : P200

Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)

Passenger and Cargo Aircraft : Forbidden.

Cargo Aircraft only : Forbidden.

Transport by sea (IMDG) : P200

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment.
Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency.
Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation.
- Ensure that containers are firmly secured.
- Ensure valve is closed and not leaking.
- Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted.
- Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU-Regulations

Restrictions on use : None.

National legislation : Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Seveso Directive : 2012/18/EU (Seveso III) : Listed.

National regulations

Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

France	
Occupational diseases	
Code	**Description**
RG 66	Occupational rhinitis and asthma

Germany

Water hazard class (WGK) : WGK 1, Slightly hazardous to water (Classification according to AwSV)

National Rules and Recommendations : [German regulations] BetriebssicherheitsV mit TRBSen insbesondere TRBS 3145 / TRGS 725 Ortsbewegliche Druckgasbehälter", TRBS 2141, BGRegel 500 Teil 2.33: "Umgang mit Gasen", GefahrstoffV mit Technischen Regeln Gefährliche Stoffe TRGS insbesondere TRGS 407 "Tätigkeiten mit Gasen - Gefährdungsbeurteilung", TRGS 400, 500, 510, 900."

Netherlands

SZW-lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen : The substance is not listed

SZW-lijst van mutagene stoffen : The substance is not listed

SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Borstvoeding : The substance is not listed

SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Vruchtbaarheid : The substance is not listed

SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Ontwikkeling : The substance is not listed

Denmark

Danish National Regulations : Young people below the age of 18 years are not allowed to use the product

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A CSA has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes : Safety data sheet in accordance with commission regulation (EU) No 2020/878.

Section	Changed item	Change	Comments
1.3	Company	Modified	Version 5.0. New address in Sweden. (This change only applies to the Swedish (SE) version of this SDS)

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number
PPE - Personal Protection Equipment
LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
RMM - Risk Management Measures
PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
STOT- SE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure
CSA - Chemical Safety Assessment
EN - European Standard
UN - United Nations
ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
IATA - International Air Transport Association
IMDG code - International Maritime Dangerous Goods
RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
WGK - Water Hazard Class
STOT - RE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure
UFI : Unique Formula Identifier

Training advice : Users of breathing apparatus must be trained.
Ensure operators understand the toxicity hazard.

Further information : Classification in accordance with the procedures and calculation methods of Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP).
Key literature references and sources of data are maintained in EIGA doc 169 : 'Classification and Labelling Guide', downloadable at http://www.Eiga.eu .

Full text of H- and EUH-statements	
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 3
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
Press. Gas (Liq.)	Gases under pressure : Liquefied gas

Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1, Sub-Category 1A

DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY : Before using this product in any new process or experiment, a thorough material compatibility and safety study should be carried out.
Details given in this document are believed to be correct at the time of going to press.
Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted.

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