

Warning



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name : ALIGAL 2
SDS no : EIGA018A-ALG
Other means of identification : Carbon dioxide
CAS-No. : 124-38-9
EC-No. : 204-696-9
EC Index-No. : ---

REACH registration No : Listed in Annex IV / V REACH, exempted from registration.

Chemical formula : CO₂

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : Industrial and professional uses. Perform risk assessment prior to use.
Test gas/Calibration gas.
Purge gas, diluting gas, inerting gas.
Purging.
Laboratory and Process control.
Contact supplier for more information on uses.
Food applications.

Uses advised against : None.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

THE NETHERLANDS:

AIR LIQUIDE BV
De Witbogt 1
5652 AG Eindhoven
the Netherlands-Nederland

BELGIUM:

L'AIR LIQUIDE BELGE S.A./N.V.
Avenue de Bourget / Bourgetlaan 44
1130 Bruxelles-Brussel
Belgium-Belgique-België

LUXEMBURG:

L'AIR LIQUIDE LUXEMBOURG S.A.
ZONE P.E.D.-B.P.20
L-4801 RODANGE Luxembourg

infosafetymdatasheet.albv@airliquide.com

www.airliquide-benelux.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : NL: +31 (0)40 250 35 03 / BE: +32 (0)2 431 72 00 / LUX: +352 50 62 63 1

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Carbon dioxide	CAS-No.: 124-38-9 EC-No.: 204-696-9 EC Index-No.: --- REACH registration No: *1	100	Press. Gas (Liq.), H280

Contains no other components or impurities which will influence the classification of the product.

*1: Listed in Annex IV / V REACH, exempted from registration.

*3: Registration not required: Substance manufactured or imported < 1t/y.

3.2. Mixtures

Not established.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

- Inhalation : Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation if breathing stopped.
- Skin contact : In case of frostbite spray with water for at least 15 minutes. Apply a sterile dressing. Obtain medical assistance.
- Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes.
- Ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation.
Low concentrations of CO2 cause increased respiration and headache.
See section 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray or fog.
Product does not burn, use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Specific hazards : Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode.
- Hazardous combustion products : None.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Specific methods : Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas receptacles to rupture. Cool endangered receptacles with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.
If possible, stop flow of product.
Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.
Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters : In confined space use self-contained breathing apparatus.
Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.
Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.
Standard EN 469 - Protective clothing for firefighters. Standard - EN 659: Protective gloves for firefighters.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : Act in accordance with local emergency plan.
Try to stop release.
Evacuate area.
Ensure adequate air ventilation.
Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous.
Stay upwind.
See section 8 of the SDS for more information on personal protective equipment

For emergency responders : Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.
Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released.
See section 5.3 of the SDS for more information.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Try to stop release.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Ventilate area.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Safe use of the product : Do not breathe gas.
Avoid release of product into work area.
The product must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.
Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure.
Consider pressure relief device(s) in gas installations.
Ensure the complete gas system was (or is regularly) checked for leaks before use.
Do not smoke while handling product.
Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt.
Avoid suck back of water, acid and alkalis.
Containers, which contain or have contained flammable or explosive substances, must not be inerted with liquid carbon dioxide. Potential production of solid CO₂ particles must be ruled out. In order to rule out potential electrostatic discharge production, the system must be adequately grounded.
Be aware of the risk of formation of static electricity with the use of CO₂ extinguishers. Do not use them in places where a flammable atmosphere may be present.

Safe handling of the gas receptacle

- : Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Refer to supplier's container handling instructions.
- Do not allow backfeed into the container.
- When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders.
- Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use.
- If user experiences any difficulty operating valve discontinue use and contact supplier.
- Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices. Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier.
- Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminants particularly oil and water.
- Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps where supplied as soon as container is disconnected from equipment.
- Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment.
- Never attempt to transfer gases from one cylinder/container to another.
- Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container.
- Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the content of the container.
- Suck back of water into the container must be prevented.
- Open valve slowly to avoid pressure shock.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers.
- Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion.
- Container valve guards or caps should be in place.
- Containers should be stored in the vertical position and properly secured to prevent them from falling over.
- Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage.
- Keep container below 50°C in a well ventilated place.
- Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition.
- Keep away from combustible materials.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

ALIGAL 2 (124-38-9)	
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)	
Local name	Carbon dioxide
IOEL TWA	9000 mg/m ³
IOEL TWA [ppm]	5000 ppm
Regulatory reference	COMMISSION DIRECTIVE 2006/15/EC
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Carbone (dioxyde de) # Koolstofdioxide
OEL TWA	9131 mg/m ³
OEL TWA [ppm]	5000 ppm
OEL STEL	54784 mg/m ³
OEL STEL [ppm]	30000 ppm

Remark	A: la mention "A" signifie que l'agent libère un gaz ou une vapeur qui n'ont en eux-mêmes aucun effet physiologique mais peuvent diminuer le taux d'oxygène dans l'air. Lorsque le taux d'oxygène descend en dessous de 17-18 % (vol/vol) le manque d'oxygène provoque des suffocations qu'aucun symptôme préalable n'annonce. # A: de vermelding "A" betekent dat dit agens gas of damp vrijgeeft dat of die op zich geen fysiologische werking heeft, maar het zuurstofgehalte in de lucht verlaagt. Wanneer het zuurstofgehalte daalt onder de 17-18 % (vol/vol), veroorzaakt het zuurstoftekort verstikking, die zich manifesteert zonder dat er een waarschuwing aan voorafgaat.
Regulatory reference	Koninklijk besluit/Arrêté royal 19/11/2020
Luxembourg - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Dioxyde de carbone
OEL TWA	9000 mg/m ³
OEL TWA [ppm]	5000 ppm
Regulatory reference	Mémorial A N° 684 de 2018 concernant la protection de la sécurité et de la santé des salariés contre les risques liés à des agents chimiques sur le lieu de travail
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Kooldioxide
TGG-8u (OEL TWA)	9000 mg/m ³
Regulatory reference	Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling 2021

DNEL (Derived-No Effect Level) : None available.

PNEC (Predicted No-Effect Concentration) : None available.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.
Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages.
Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available).
Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released.
Consider the use of a work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.

8.2.2. Individual protection measures, e.g. personal protective equipment

A risk assessment should be conducted and documented in each work area to assess the risks related to the use of the product and to select the PPE that matches the relevant risk.

The following recommendations should be considered:

PPE compliant to the recommended EN/ISO standards should be selected.

- Eye/face protection : Wear goggles when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.
Standard EN 166 - Personal eye-protection - specifications.
- Skin protection
 - Hand protection : Wear working gloves when handling gas containers.
Standard EN 388 - Protective gloves against mechanical risk, performance level 1 or higher.
Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.
Standard EN 511 - Cold insulating gloves.
 - Other : Wear safety shoes while handling containers.
Standard EN ISO 20345 - Personal protective equipment - Safety footwear.

- Respiratory protection : Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.
Self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or positive pressure airline with mask are to be used in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.
Self contained breathing apparatus is recommended, where unknown exposure may be expected, e.g. during maintenance activities on installation systems.
- Thermal hazards : None in addition to the above sections.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

None necessary.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
- Physical state at 20°C / 101.3kPa	: Gas
- Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: No odour warning properties. Odour threshold is subjective and inadequate to warn of overexposure.
pH	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Melting point / Freezing point	: -78,5 °C At atmospheric pressure dry ice sublimates into gaseous carbon dioxide.
Boiling point	: -56,6 °C
Flash point	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Flammability	: Non flammable.
Explosive limits	: Non flammable.
Lower explosive limit (LEL)	: Not available
Upper explosive limit (UEL)	: Not available
Vapour pressure [20°C]	: 57,3 bar(a)
Vapour pressure [50°C]	: Not applicable.
Density	: Not applicable
Vapour density	: Not applicable.
Relative density, liquid (water=1)	: 0,82
Relative density, gas (air=1)	: 1,52
Water solubility	: 2000 mg/l
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	: 0,83
Auto-ignition temperature	: Non flammable.
Decomposition temperature	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: No reliable data available.
Particle characteristics	: Not applicable

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Oxidising properties	: No oxidising properties.
Critical temperature [°C]	: 30 °C

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Molar mass	: 44 g/mol
Other data	: Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid moisture in installation systems.

10.5. Incompatible materials

For additional information on compatibility refer to ISO 11114.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity	: Toxicological effects not expected from this product if occupational exposure limit values are not exceeded.
Skin corrosion/irritation	: No known effects from this product.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: No known effects from this product.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: No known effects from this product.
Germ cell mutagenicity	: No known effects from this product.
Carcinogenicity	: No known effects from this product.
Toxic for reproduction : Fertility	: No known effects from this product.
Toxic for reproduction : unborn child	: No known effects from this product.
STOT-single exposure	: No known effects from this product.
STOT-repeated exposure	: No known effects from this product.
Aspiration hazard	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.

11.2. Information on other hazards

No additional information available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Assessment	: No ecological damage caused by this product.
EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l]	: No data available.
EC50 72h - Algae [mg/l]	: No data available.
LC50 96 h - Fish [mg/l]	: No data available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Assessment	: No ecological damage caused by this product.
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12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Assessment	: No ecological damage caused by this product. Not expected to bioaccumulate due to the low log Kow (log Kow < 4). See section 9.
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12.4. Mobility in soil

Assessment	: No ecological damage caused by this product.
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12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Assessment	: Not classified as PBT or vPvB.
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12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No additional information available

12.7. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects	: No known effects from this product.
Effect on the ozone layer	: No effect on the ozone layer.
Global warming potential [CO ₂ =1]	: 1
Effect on global warming	: When discharged in large quantities may contribute to the greenhouse effect. Contains greenhouse gas(es).

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

	May be vented to atmosphere in a well ventilated place.
	Discharge to atmosphere in large quantities should be avoided.
	Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous.
	Return unused product in original container to supplier.
List of hazardous waste codes (from Commission Decision 2000/532/EC as amended)	: 16 05 05 : Gases in pressure containers other than those mentioned in 16 05 04.

13.2. Additional information

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN UN-No.	: 1013
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14.2. UN proper shipping name

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)	: CARBON DIOXIDE
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)	: Carbon dioxide
Transport by sea (IMDG)	: CARBON DIOXIDE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Labelling



2.2 : Non-flammable, non-toxic gases.

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)

Class	: 2
Classification code	: 2A
Hazard identification number	: 20
Tunnel Restriction	: C/E - Tank carriage : Passage forbidden through tunnels of category C, D and E. Other carriage : Passage forbidden through tunnels of category E

Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)

Class / Div. (Sub. risk(s))	: 2.2
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Transport by sea (IMDG)

Class / Div. (Sub. risk(s))	: 2.2
Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Fire	: F-C
Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Spillage	: S-V

14.4. Packing group

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)	: Not established.
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)	: Not established.
Transport by sea (IMDG)	: Not established.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) : None.
 Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) : None.
 Transport by sea (IMDG) : None.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Packing Instruction(s)

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) : P200
 Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)
 Passenger and Cargo Aircraft : 200.
 Cargo Aircraft only : 200.
 Transport by sea (IMDG) : P200

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment.
 Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency.
 Before transporting product containers:
 - Ensure there is adequate ventilation.
 - Ensure that containers are firmly secured.
 - Ensure valve is closed and not leaking.
 - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted.
 - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU-Regulations

Restrictions on use : None.
 Seveso Directive : 2012/18/EU (Seveso III) : Not covered.

National regulations

Regulatory reference : Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A CSA does not need to be carried out for this product.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes : Revised safety data sheet in accordance with commission regulation (EU) No 453/2010.

Section	Changed item	Change	Comments
	Reference number	Modified	
	Supersedes	Modified	
	Revision date	Modified	
	Uses advised against	Modified	
	Safe handling of the gas receptacle	Modified	
	Acute toxicity - comment	Modified	
2.3	Other hazards which do not result in classification	Modified	

8	Regulatory reference	Added	
8	Regulatory reference	Added	
8	Regulatory reference	Added	
8	Regulatory reference	Added	
8.1	Local name	Added	
8.1	Local name	Added	
8.1	Local name	Added	
8.1	Local name	Added	
8.1	OEL TWA [ppm]	Added	
8.1	OEL TWA	Added	
8.1	TGG-8u (OEL TWA)	Added	
8.1	IOEL TWA [ppm]	Added	
8.1	IOEL TWA	Added	
8.1	OEL STEL [ppm]	Added	
8.1	OEL STEL	Added	
8.1	OEL TWA [ppm]	Added	
8.1	OEL TWA	Added	
8.1	Remark	Added	
8.2	Respiratory protection	Modified	
8.2	Appropriate engineering controls	Modified	
9.1	Oxidising properties	Modified	
9.1	Flash point	Removed	

Abbreviations and acronyms

- : ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
- REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
- EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
- CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number
- PPE - Personal Protection Equipment
- LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
- RMM - Risk Management Measures
- PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
- STOT- SE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure
- CSA - Chemical Safety Assessment
- EN - European Standard
- UN - United Nations
- ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- IATA - International Air Transport Association
- IMDG code - International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- WGK - Water Hazard Class
- STOT - RE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure
- UFI : Unique Formula Identifier

Safety Data Sheet

ALIGAL 2

according to the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878
Reference number: EIGA018A-ALG

- Training advice : The hazard of asphyxiation is often overlooked and must be stressed during operator training.
For more guidance, refer to EIGA SL 01 "Dangers of Asphyxiation", downloadable at <http://www.eiga.eu>.
- Further information : Classification in accordance with the procedures and calculation methods of Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP).
Key literature references and sources of data are maintained in EIGA doc 169 : 'Classification and Labelling Guide', downloadable at <http://www.Eiga.eu>.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements	
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Press. Gas (Liq.)	Gases under pressure : Liquefied gas

- DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY : Before using this product in any new process or experiment, a thorough material compatibility and safety study should be carried out.
Details given in this document are believed to be correct at the time of going to press.
Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted.
This product cannot be guaranteed sterile. It was manufactured according to the HACCP system, which is certified by an external body.

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