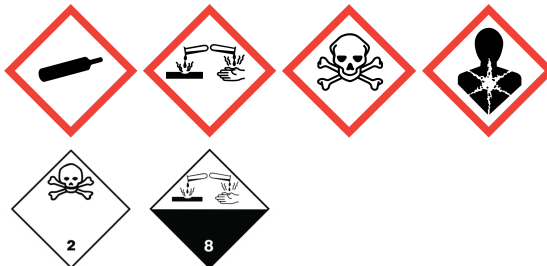


Danger



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name	:	Sulphur dioxide
SDS no	:	EIGA113-ALBNL
Other means of identification	:	Sulphur dioxide
	CAS-No.	: 7446-09-5
	EC-No.	: 231-195-2
	EC Index-No.	: 016-011-00-9
REACH registration No	:	01-2119485028-34
Chemical formula	:	SO ₂

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	:	See the list of identified uses and exposure scenarios in the annex of the safety data sheet. Perform risk assessment prior to use.
Uses advised against	:	Consumer use. Uses other than those listed above are not supported, contact your supplier for more information on other uses.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

THE NETHERLANDS:

AIR LIQUIDE BV
De Witbogt 1
5652 AG Eindhoven
the Netherlands-Nederland
Tel: +31 (0)40 250 35 03

BELGIUM:

L'AIR LIQUIDE BELGE S.A./N.V.
Hermeslaan 11
1932 Zaventem
Belgium-Belgique-België
Tel: +32 (0)2 540 86 60

LUXEMBURG:

L'AIR LIQUIDE LUXEMBOURG S.A.
ZONE P.E.D.-B.P.20
L-4801 RODANGE Luxembourg
Tel: +352 26 30 29 03

infosafetydatasheet.albv@airliquide.com

www.airliquide-benelux.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Country/Area	Organisation/Company	Address	Emergency number	Comment
Belgium	Centre Anti-Poisons/Antigifcentrum c/o Hôpital Militaire Reine Astrid	Rue Bruyn 1 1120 Bruxelles/Brussel	+32 70 245 245	Please dial: 070 245 245 for any urgent questions about intoxication (free of charge 24/7), if not accessible, dial: 02 264 96 30 (standard fee)
Luxembourg	Centre Anti-Poisons/Antigifcentrum c/o Hôpital Militaire Reine Astrid	Rue Bruyn 1 1120 Bruxelles/Brussel	+352 8002 5500	Free telephone number with a 24/7 access. Experts answer all urgency questions on dangerous products in French, Dutch and English
Netherlands	Nationaal Vergiftigingen Informatie Centrum	Huispostnummer Q03.2.315 Postbus 85500 3508 GA Utrecht	+31 88 755 80 00	Only for the purpose of informing medical personnel in cases of acute intoxications (24 hours a day, 7 days a week)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

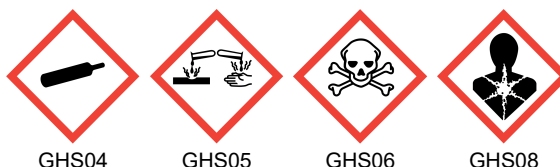
Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Physical hazards	Gases under pressure : Liquefied gas	H280
Health hazards	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 3	H331
	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1, Sub-Category 1B	H314
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1	H318
	Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure, Category 1	H370

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP) :



Signal word (CLP) :

: Danger

Hazard statements (CLP) :

- : H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- : H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
- : H331 - Toxic if inhaled.
- : H370 - Causes damage to organs.
- : EUH071 - Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Precautionary statements (CLP)

- Prevention : P280 - Wear eye protection, face protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.
P260 - Do not breathe gas, vapours.
- Response : P303+P361+P353+P315 - IF ON SKIN : (or hair) Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get immediate medical advice / attention.
P304+P340+P315 - IF INHALED : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get immediate medical advice / attention.
P305+P351+P338+P315 - IF IN EYES : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice / attention.
- Storage : P405 - Store locked up.
P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.

2.3. Other hazards

Not classified as PBT or vPvB.
The substance/mixture has no endocrine disrupting properties.
Not classified as PMT or vPvM.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] ATE, EUH-statements, M-Factors
Sulphur dioxide	CAS-No.: 7446-09-5 EC-No.: 231-195-2 EC Index-No.: 016-011-00-9 REACH registration No: 01-2119485028-34	100	Press. Gas (Liq.), H280 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas), H331 (ATE=1000 ppmv/4h) Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 1, H370

Name	Product identifier	Specific concentration limits (%)
Sulphur dioxide	CAS-No.: 7446-09-5 EC-No.: 231-195-2 EC Index-No.: 016-011-00-9 REACH registration No: 01-2119485028-34	(1 ≤ C < 10) STOT SE 2; H371 (10 ≤ C ≤ 100) STOT SE 1; H370

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

Contains no other components or impurities which will influence the classification of the product.

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

- Inhalation : Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation if breathing stopped.
- Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes.
- Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes.
- Ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Prolonged exposure to small concentrations may result in pulmonary oedema.
May cause severe chemical burns to skin and cornea. Suitable first-aid treatment should be immediately available. Seek medical advice before using product.
Material is destructive to tissue of the mucuous membranes and upper respiratory tract.
Cough, shortness of breath, headache, nausea.
See section 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical assistance.
Treat with corticosteroid spray as soon as possible after inhalation.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray or fog.
Product does not burn, use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Specific hazards : Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode.
- Hazardous combustion products : The combustion products are not poisonous than the product itself.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Specific methods : Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas receptacles to rupture. Cool endangered receptacles with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.
If possible, stop flow of product.
Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.
Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk.
- Special protective equipment for fire fighters : Wear gas tight chemically protective clothing in combination with self contained breathing apparatus.
Standard EN 943-2: Protective clothing against liquid and gaseous chemicals, aerosols and solid particles. Gas-tight chemical protective suits for emergency teams.
Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel : Act in accordance with local emergency plan.
Try to stop release.
Evacuate area.
Ensure adequate air ventilation.
Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous.
Stay upwind.
See section 8 of the SDS for more information on personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders : Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.
Use chemically protective clothing.
Monitor concentration of released product.
See section 5.3 of the SDS for more information.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Reduce vapour with fog or fine water spray.
Try to stop release.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Hose down area with water.
Wash contaminated equipment or sites of leaks with copious quantities of water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Safe use of the product

: Do not breathe gas.
Avoid release of product into atmosphere.
Use only lubricants and sealings approved for the specific gas service.
The product must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.
Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure.
Consider pressure relief device(s) in gas installations.
Ensure the complete gas system was (or is regularly) checked for leaks before use.
Do not smoke while handling product.
Avoid exposure, obtain special instructions before use.
Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt.
Installation of a cross purge assembly between the container and the regulator is recommended.
Purge system with dry inert gas (e.g. helium or nitrogen) before gas is introduced and when system is placed out of service.
Avoid suck back of water, acid and alkalis.

Safe handling of the gas receptacle

: Do not allow backfeed into the container.
Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop.
When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders.
Leave valve protection caps, when provided, in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use.
If user experiences any difficulty operating valve discontinue use and contact supplier.
Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices.
Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier.
Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminants particularly oil and water.
Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps where supplied as soon as container is disconnected from equipment.
Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment.
Never attempt to transfer gases from one cylinder/container to another.
Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container.
Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the content of the container.
Suck back of water into the container must be prevented.
Open valve slowly to avoid pressure shock.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up.
Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers.
Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion.
Container valve guards or caps, when provided, should be in place.
Containers should be stored in the vertical position and properly secured to prevent them from falling over.
Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage.
Keep container below 50°C in a well ventilated place.
Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition.
Keep away from combustible materials.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Sulphur dioxide (7446-09-5)	
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)	
Local name	Sulphur dioxide
IOEL TWA	1,3 mg/m ³
	0,5 ppm
IOEL STEL	2,7 mg/m ³
	1 ppm
Regulatory reference	COMMISSION DIRECTIVE (EU) 2017/164
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Soufre (dioxyde de) # Zwaveldioxide
OEL TWA	1,3 mg/m ³
	0,5 ppm
OEL STEL	2,7 mg/m ³
	1 ppm
Regulatory reference	Koninklijk besluit/Arrêté royal 16/11/2023
Luxembourg - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Dioxyde de soufre
OEL TWA	1,3 mg/m ³
	0,5 ppm
OEL STEL	2,7 mg/m ³
	1 ppm
Regulatory reference	Mémorial A N° 226 de 2021 concernant la protection de la sécurité et de la santé des salariés contre les risques liés à des agents chimiques sur le lieu de travail
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Zwaveldioxide
TGG-8u (OEL TWA)	0,7 mg/m ³
	0,26 ppm
TGG-15min (OEL STEL)	0,7 mg/m ³
	0,26 ppm
Regulatory reference	Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling 2024

Sulphur dioxide (7446-09-5)	
DNEL: Derived no effect level (Workers)	
Acute - local effects, inhalation	2,7 mg/m ³
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	2,7 mg/m ³

PNEC (Predicted No-Effect Concentration) : None established.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.
Product to be handled in a closed system.
Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages.
Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available).
Gas detectors should be used when toxic gases may be released.
Consider the use of a work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.

8.2.2. Individual protection measures, e.g. personal protective equipment

A risk assessment should be conducted and documented in each work area to assess the risks related to the use of the product and to select the PPE that matches the relevant risk.

The following recommendations should be considered:

PPE compliant to the recommended EN/ISO standards should be selected.

- Eye/face protection : Wear goggles and a face shield when transferring or breaking transfer connections.
Standard EN 166 - Personal eye-protection - specifications.
Provide readily accessible eye wash stations and safety showers.
- Skin protection
 - Hand protection : Wear working gloves when handling gas containers.
Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.
Standard EN 388 - Protective gloves against mechanical risks, performance level 1 or higher. Recommended types include wrist gloves from leather or synthetic material with equivalent performance, fabric gloves, fabric gloves with leather palms.
Standard EN 374 - Protective gloves against chemicals.
Chloroprene rubber (CR).
 - Other : Keep suitable chemically resistant protective clothing readily available for emergency use.
Standard EN943-1 - Full protective suits against liquid, solid and gaseous chemicals.
Wear safety shoes while handling containers.
Standard EN ISO 20345 - Personal protective equipment - Safety footwear.
- Respiratory protection : Gas filters may be used if all surrounding conditions e.g. type and concentration of the contaminant(s) and duration of use are known.
Use gas filters with full face mask, where exposure limits may be exceeded for a short-term period, e.g. connecting or disconnecting containers.
Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.
Recommended: Filter E (yellow).
Gas filters do not protect against oxygen deficiency.
Standard EN 14387 - Gas filter(s), combined filter(s) and standard EN136, full face masks .
Keep self contained breathing apparatus readily available for emergency use.
Self contained breathing apparatus is recommended, where unknown exposure may be expected, e.g. during maintenance activities on installation systems.
- Thermal hazards : None in addition to the above sections.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for specific methods for waste gas treatment.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
- Physical state at 20°C / 101.3kPa	: Gas.
- Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: Pungent.
Melting point / Freezing point	: -75,5 °C
Boiling point	: -10 °C
Flammability	: Non flammable.
Lower explosion limit	: Not applicable.
Upper explosion limit	: Not applicable.
Flash point	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Non flammable.
Decomposition temperature	: Not applicable.
pH	: If dissolved in water pH-value will be affected.
Viscosity, kinematic	: No reliable data available.
Water solubility [20°C]	: 114 g/l
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	: Not applicable for inorganic products.
Vapour pressure [20°C]	: 3,3 bar(a)
Vapour pressure [50°C]	: 8,4 bar(a)
Density and/or relative density	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Relative vapour density (air=1)	: 2,3
Particle characteristics	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures. Nanoforms are not relevant for gases and gas mixtures.

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Oxidising properties	: No oxidising properties.
Critical temperature [°C]	: 158 °C

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Molar mass	: 64 g/mol
Other data	: Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid moisture in installation systems.

10.5. Incompatible materials

May react violently with alkalis.
Reacts with most metals in the presence of moisture, liberating hydrogen, an extremely flammable gas.
With water causes rapid corrosion of some metals.
Reacts with water to form corrosive acids.
Moisture.
For additional information on compatibility refer to ISO 11114.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity : Toxic if inhaled.

Sulphur dioxide (7446-09-5)

LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	2520 ppm/1h (ADR) 1000 ppm/4h (CLP)
-----------------------------	--

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation : No known effects from this product.
Germ cell mutagenicity : No known effects from this product.
Carcinogenicity : No known effects from this product.
Toxic for reproduction : Fertility : No known effects from this product.
Toxic for reproduction : unborn child : No known effects from this product.
STOT-single exposure : Causes damage to organs.
 Severe corrosion to the respiratory tract at high concentrations.
STOT-repeated exposure : No known effects from this product.
Aspiration hazard : Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Other information : Delayed fatal pulmonary oedema possible.
 The substance/mixture has no endocrine disrupting properties.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Assessment : Classification criteria are not met.
 EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l] : No data available.
 EC50 72h - Algae [mg/l] : 48,1 mg/l
 LC50 96 h - Fish [mg/l] : No data available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Assessment : Not applicable for inorganic products.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Assessment : Product is an inorganic gas with a low potential to bioaccumulate in aquatic species.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Assessment : Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.
 Partition into soil is unlikely.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Assessment : Not classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Assessment : The substance/mixture has no endocrine disrupting properties.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : May cause pH changes in aqueous ecological systems.
 Not classified as PMT or vPvM.
 Effect on the ozone layer : No effect on the ozone layer.

Effect on global warming : No known effects from this product.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Contact supplier if guidance is required.
Must not be discharged to atmosphere.
Gas may be scrubbed in alkaline solution under controlled conditions to avoid violent reaction.
Ensure that the emission levels from local regulations or operating permits are not exceeded.
Refer to the EIGA code of practice Doc.30 "Disposal of Gases", downloadable at <http://www.eiga.org> for more guidance on suitable disposal methods.
Return unused product in original container to supplier.

List of hazardous waste codes (from Commission Decision 2000/532/EC as amended) : 16 05 04 *: Gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances.

13.2. Additional information

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN
UN-No. : 1079

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Transport by road/rail/inland waterways (ADR/RID/ADN) : SULPHUR DIOXIDE
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) : Sulphur dioxide
Transport by sea (IMDG) : SULPHUR DIOXIDE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Labelling :



2.3 : Toxic gases.
8 : Corrosive substances.

Transport by road/rail/inland waterways (ADR/RID/ADN)

Class : 2
Classification code : 2TC
Hazard identification number : 268
Tunnel Restriction : C/D - Tank carriage: Passage forbidden through tunnels of category C, D and E. Other carriage: Passage forbidden through tunnels of category D and E

Transport by sea (IMDG)

Class / Div. (Sub. risk(s)) : 2.3 (8)
Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Fire : F-C
Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Spillage : S-U

14.4. Packing group

Transport by road/rail/inland waterways (ADR/RID/ADN) : Not applicable.
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) : Not applicable.
Transport by sea (IMDG) : Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Transport by road/rail/inland waterways (ADR/RID/ADN) : None.
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) : None.
Transport by sea (IMDG) : None.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Packing Instruction(s)

Transport by road/rail/inland waterways (ADR/RID/ADN) : P200.
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)
Passenger and Cargo Aircraft : Forbidden.
Cargo Aircraft only : Forbidden.
Transport by sea (IMDG) : P200.

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment.
Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency.
Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation.
- Ensure that containers are firmly secured.
- Ensure valve is closed and not leaking.
- Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted.
- Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU-Regulations

Restrictions on use : None.
Other information, restriction and prohibition regulations : Not listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012).
Not listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021).
Seveso Directive : 2012/18/EU (Seveso III) : Covered.

Seveso III Part I (Categories of dangerous substances)	Qualifying quantity (tonnes)	
	Lower-tier	Upper-tier
H2 ACUTE TOXIC — Category 2, all exposure routes — Category 3, inhalation exposure route	50	200
H3 STOT SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY – SINGLE EXPOSURE STOT SE Category 1	50	200

National regulations

Regulatory reference : Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A CSA has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes : Revised safety data sheet in accordance with commission regulation (EU) No 453/2010.

Section	Changed item	Comments
	Endocrine disrupting properties	Added
	Supersedes version of	Modified
	Revision date	Modified
2.1	Specific concentration limits (CLP)	Added
2.1	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Modified
2.2	Hazard pictograms (CLP)	Modified
2.2	Hazard statements (CLP)	Modified
2.3	Other hazards which do not result in classification	Modified
4.1	First-aid measures after skin contact	Modified
7	Safe handling of the gas receptacle	Modified
7	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Modified
8	Local name	Added
8	Local name	Added
8	Local name	Added
8	OEL TWA	Added
8	OEL TWA	Added
8	OEL STEL	Added
8	OEL STEL	Added
8	Regulatory reference	Added
8	TGG-8u (OEL TWA) [ppm]	Added
8	TGG-15min (OEL STEL) [ppm]	Added
8	Regulatory reference	Added
8	Regulatory reference	Added
8	OEL TWA	Added
8	OEL TWA	Added
8	OEL STEL	Added
8	OEL STEL	Added
8	TGG-8u (OEL TWA)	Added
8	TGG-15min (OEL STEL)	Added
8	Regulatory reference	Added
8	Local name	Added
8	IOEL TWA [ppm]	Added
8	IOEL TWA	Added
8	IOEL STEL [ppm]	Added
8	IOEL STEL	Added

8.2	Hand protection	Modified
9	Upper explosive limit (UEL)	Added
9	Lower explosive limit (LEL)	Added
9	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	Added
9	Density	Added
9	Particle characteristics	Added
9	Solubility in water	Modified
9	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	Modified
9.1	Decomposition temperature	Modified
9.1	Explosive limits (vol %)	Removed
11	STOT-single exposure - Comment	Modified
11.1	LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	Modified
11.1	ATE CLP (gases)	Modified
12.7	Other adverse effects	Modified
14	Number of blue cones/lights (ADN)	Added
14	Classification code (ADN)	Added
14	Equipment required (ADN)	Added
14	Excepted quantities (ADN)	Added
14	Danger labels (ADN)	Added
14	Limited quantities (ADN)	Added
14	Ventilation (ADN)	Added
14	Classification code (RID)	Added
14	Excepted quantities (RID)	Added
14	Hazard identification number (RID)	Added
14	Limited quantities (RID)	Added
14	Mixed packing provisions (RID)	Added
14	Packing instructions (RID)	Added
14	Special provisions for carriage - Loading, unloading and handling (RID)	Added
14	Proper Shipping Name (RID)	Added
14	Portable tank and bulk container instructions (RID)	Added
14	Portable tank and bulk container special provisions (RID)	Added
14	Tank codes for RID tanks (RID)	Added
14	Special provisions for RID tanks (RID)	Added
14	Transport category (RID)	Added
14	UN-No. (RID)	Modified
14.1	UN-No. (ADN)	Added
14.2	Proper Shipping Name (ADN)	Added

14.3	Danger labels (RID)	Added
16	Abbreviations and acronyms	Modified

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate.
 CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.
 REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.
 EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
 CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number.
 PPE - Personal Protection Equipment.
 LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.
 RMM - Risk Management Measures.
 PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic.
 vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
 STOT- SE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure.
 CSA - Chemical Safety Assessment.
 EN - European Standard.
 UN - United Nations.
 ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
 IATA - International Air Transport Association.
 IMDG code - International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
 RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
 WGK - Water Hazard Class.
 STOT - RE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure.
 UFI : Unique Formula Identifier.
 ADN -International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.
 PROC -Process category
 .
 ERC – Environmental release category.
 PMT - Persistent, Mobile and Toxic.
 vPvM – very Persistent and very Mobile.
 : Users of breathing apparatus must be trained.
 Ensure operators understand the toxicity hazard.
 : Classification in accordance with the procedures and calculation methods of Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP).
 Key literature references and sources of data are maintained in EIGA doc 169 :
 'Classification and Labelling Guide', downloadable at <http://www.Eiga.eu> .

Training advice

Further information

Full text of H- and EUH-statements	
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 3
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
Press. Gas (Liq.)	Gases under pressure : Liquefied gas
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1, Sub-Category 1B
STOT SE 1	Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure, Category 1
STOT SE 2	Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 2
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H371	May cause damage to organs.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY

: Before using this product in any new process or experiment, a thorough material compatibility and safety study should be carried out.
Details given in this document are believed to be correct at the time of going to press.
Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted.

Annex to the safety data sheet

This Annex documents the Exposure Scenarios (ESs) related to the identified uses of the registered substance. The ESs detail protective measures for workers and the environment in addition to those described in sections 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13 of the SDS that are required to ensure that the potential exposure to workers and the environment remains within acceptable levels for each of the identified uses.

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Identified Uses	Es N°	Short title	ERC	PROC	Page
Metal treatment	EIGA113-2	Industrial uses, closed and open conditions	ERC6b	PROC1 PROC2 PROC3 PROC4 PROC22 PROC23	18
Feedstock in chemical processes	EIGA113-2	Industrial uses, closed and open conditions	ERC1 ERC4 ERC6a ERC6b	PROC1 PROC2 PROC3 PROC4	18
Glass coating	EIGA113-2	Industrial uses, closed and open conditions	ERC4 ERC6a ERC6b	PROC1 PROC2 PROC3 PROC4 PROC5 PROC8a PROC8b PROC22 PROC23	18
Water treatment	EIGA113-2	Industrial uses, closed and open conditions	ERC6b	PROC1 PROC2 PROC3 PROC4	18
Lubrication of rollers in glass manufacture	EIGA113-2	Industrial uses, closed and open conditions	ERC4 ERC6a ERC6b	PROC1 PROC2 PROC3 PROC4 PROC5 PROC8a PROC8b PROC22 PROC23	18
Resin curing	EIGA113-2	Industrial uses, closed and open conditions			18
Formulation of mixtures in pressure receptacles	EIGA113-1	Industrial uses, closed contained conditions	ERC2	PROC1	22
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Safety Data Sheet

Sulphur dioxide

according to the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878
SDS Reference Number: EIGA113-ALBNL

Wine making	EIGA113-3	Professional uses		PROC8a PROC8b PROC9 PROC19	25
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1. EIGA113-2 - Industrial uses, closed and open conditions

1.1. Title section

Industrial uses, closed and open conditions

ES Ref.: EIGA113-2
ES Type: Worker - EIGA
Revision date: 1-10-2016

Processes, tasks, activities covered	Industrial uses, including product transfers and associated laboratory activities within closed or partially closed conditions
Assessment method	MEASE

1.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

1.2.1. Control of environmental exposure: Formulation into mixture, Use of non-reactive processing aid at industrial site (no inclusion into or onto article), Use of intermediate, Use of reactive processing aid at industrial site (no inclusion into or onto article), Use of reactive process regulators in polymerisation processes at industrial site (inclusion or not into/onto article) (ERC2, ERC4, ERC6a, ERC6b, ERC6d)

ERC2	Formulation into mixture
ERC4	Use of non-reactive processing aid at industrial site (no inclusion into or onto article)
ERC6a	Use of intermediate
ERC6b	Use of reactive processing aid at industrial site (no inclusion into or onto article)
ERC6d	Use of reactive process regulators in polymerisation processes at industrial site (inclusion or not into/onto article)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product	See section 9 of the SDS, No additional information
Concentration of substance in product	≤ 100 %

Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

Regional use tonnage:	≤ 80000 t/yr
Emission Days (days/year)	365

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

No emissions to water. In case of emissions to water, pH impact on the receiving water should be avoided, e.g. by neutralizing the effluent	
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise releases	

Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant

Not applicable as there is no release to wastewater	
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Conditions and measures related to treatment of waste (including article waste)

See section 13 of the SDS	
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Other conditions affecting environmental exposure

Closed systems are used in order to prevent unintended emissions

1.2.2. Control of worker exposure: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions (PROC1)

PROC1	Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions
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Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product	See section 9 of the SDS, No additional information
Concentration of substance in product	≤ 100 %

Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

The actual tonnage handled per shift is not considered to influence the exposure as such for this scenario. Instead, the combination of the scale of operation and level of containment/automation (as reflected in the technical conditions) is the main determinant of the process-intrinsic emission potential.

Exposure duration	≤ 8 h/day
Covers frequency up to:	5 days/week

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Handle product within a closed system	
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure	
Ensure supervision is in place to check that the RMMs are in place and are being used correctly and that the OCs are being followed	

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

See section 8 of the SDS.

1.2.3. Control of worker exposure: Chemical production or refinery in closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions, Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition, Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises, Mixing or blending in batch processes, Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing), Manufacturing and processing of minerals and/or metals at substantially elevated temperature, Open processing and transfer operations at substantially elevated temperature (PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC22, PROC23)

PROC2	Chemical production or refinery in closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions
PROC3	Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition
PROC4	Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises
PROC5	Mixing or blending in batch processes
PROC8b	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities
PROC9	Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC22	Manufacturing and processing of minerals and/or metals at substantially elevated temperature
PROC23	Open processing and transfer operations at substantially elevated temperature

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product	See section 9 of the SDS, No additional information
Concentration of substance in product	≤ 100 %

Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

The actual tonnage handled per shift is not considered to influence the exposure as such for this scenario. Instead, the combination of the scale of operation and level of containment/automation (as reflected in the technical conditions) is the main determinant of the process-intrinsic emission potential.	
Exposure duration	≤ 8 h/day
Covers frequency up to:	5 days/week

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least [%]:	90
Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.	
Apply a good standard of general or controlled ventilation when maintenance activities are carried out.	
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure	
Ensure supervision is in place to check that the RMMs are in place and are being used correctly and that the OCs are being followed	

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374	Mandatory since the product is corrosive
Wear suitable working clothes	Personal protection measures have to be applied in case of potential exposure only.
Use suitable eye protection. Wear suitable face shield	Personal protection measures have to be applied in case of potential exposure only.
Face mask with an ABEK1 filter offering an assigned protection factor of 30	Personal protection measures have to be applied in case of potential exposure only.

Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor or outdoor use	
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1.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

No data available

Exposure scenario

Sulphur dioxide

Annex to the safety data sheet

Reference number: EIGA113-ALBNL

CAS-No.: 7446-09-5 Product form: Substance Physical state: Gas

1.4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

1.4.1. Environment

Guidance - Environment	Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. For scaling see : www.ebrc.de/mease.html
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1.4.2. Health

Guidance - Health	Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. For scaling see : www.ebrc.de/mease.html
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2. EIGA113-1 - Industrial uses, closed contained conditions

2.1. Title section

Industrial uses, closed contained conditions

ES Ref.: EIGA113-1
ES Type: Worker - EIGA
Revision date: 1-10-2016

Processes, tasks, activities covered	Industrial uses, including product transfers and associated laboratory activities within different closed or contained systems
Assessment method	MEASE

2.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

2.2.1. Control of environmental exposure: Formulation into mixture (ERC2)

ERC2	Formulation into mixture
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Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product	See section 9 of the SDS, No additional information
Concentration of substance in product	≤ 100 %

Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

Regional use tonnage:	≤ 80000 t/yr
Emission Days (days/year)	365

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Use appropriate abatement systems to ensure that the emission levels defined by local regulations are not exceeded.	
No emissions to water. In case of emissions to water, pH impact on the receiving water should be avoided, e.g. by neutralizing the effluent	
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise releases	

Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant

Not applicable as there is no release to wastewater	
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Conditions and measures related to treatment of waste (including article waste)

See section 13 of the SDS	
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Other conditions affecting environmental exposure

Closed systems are used in order to prevent unintended emissions		
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2.2.2. Control of worker exposure: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions (PROC1)

PROC1	Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions
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Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product	See section 9 of the SDS, No additional information
Concentration of substance in product	≤ 100 %

Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

The actual tonnage handled per shift is not considered to influence the exposure as such for this scenario. Instead, the combination of the scale of operation and level of containment/automation (as reflected in the technical conditions) is the main determinant of the process-intrinsic emission potential.	
Exposure duration	≤ 8 h/day
Covers frequency up to:	5 days/week

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Handle product within a closed system	
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure	
Ensure supervision is in place to check that the RMMs are in place and are being used correctly and that the OCs are being followed	

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

See section 8 of the SDS.	
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Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor or outdoor use	
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2.2.3. Control of worker exposure: Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities, Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) (PROC8b, PROC9)

PROC8b	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities
PROC9	Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product	See section 9 of the SDS, No additional information
Concentration of substance in product	≤ 100 %

Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

The actual tonnage handled per shift is not considered to influence the exposure as such for this scenario. Instead, the combination of the scale of operation and level of containment/automation (as reflected in the technical conditions) is the main determinant of the process-intrinsic emission potential.	
Exposure duration	≤ 8 h/day
Covers frequency up to:	5 days/week

Exposure scenario

Sulphur dioxide

Annex to the safety data sheet
 Reference number: EIGA113-ALBNL
 CAS-No.: 7446-09-5 Product form: Substance Physical state: Gas

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Handle product within a closed system	
During indoor processes or in cases where natural ventilation is not sufficient, LEV should be in place at points where emissions could occur. Outdoor, LEV is not generally required.	
Fill containers at dedicated fill points supplied with local extract ventilation.	
Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.	
Apply a good standard of general or controlled ventilation when maintenance activities are carried out.	
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure	
Ensure supervision is in place to check that the RMMs are in place and are being used correctly and that the OCs are being followed	

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

See section 8 of the SDS.	
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Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor or outdoor use	
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2.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

No data available

2.4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

2.4.1. Environment

Guidance - Environment	Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. For scaling see : www.ebrc.de/mease.html
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2.4.2. Health

Guidance - Health	Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. For scaling see : www.ebrc.de/mease.html
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3. EIGA113-3 - Professional uses

3.1. Title section

Professional uses

ES Ref.: EIGA113-3
ES Type: Worker - EIGA
Revision date: 1-10-2016

Processes, tasks, activities covered	Professional uses, including transfer of product in non-industrial settings
Assessment method	MEASE

3.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

3.2.1. Control of environmental exposure: Use of intermediate, Use of functional fluid at industrial site (ERC6a, ERC7)

ERC6a	Use of intermediate
ERC7	Use of functional fluid at industrial site

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product	See section 9 of the SDS, No additional information
Concentration of substance in product	≤ 100 %

Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

Regional use tonnage:	≤ 80000 t/yr
Emission Days (days/year)	365

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Use appropriate abatement systems to ensure that the emission levels defined by local regulations are not exceeded.	
No emissions to water. In case of emissions to water, pH impact on the receiving water should be avoided, e.g. by neutralizing the effluent	
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise releases	

Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant

Not applicable as there is no release to wastewater	
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Conditions and measures related to treatment of waste (including article waste)

See section 13 of the SDS	
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Other conditions affecting environmental exposure

Closed systems are used in order to prevent unintended emissions		
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3.2.2. Control of worker exposure: Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities, Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) (PROC8b, PROC9)

PROC8b	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities
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Exposure scenario

Sulphur dioxide

Annex to the safety data sheet
 Reference number: EIGA113-ALBNL
 CAS-No.: 7446-09-5 Product form: Substance Physical state: Gas

PROC9	Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)
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Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product	See section 9 of the SDS, No additional information
Concentration of substance in product	≤ 100 %

Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

The actual tonnage handled per shift is not considered to influence the exposure as such for this scenario. Instead, the combination of the scale of operation and level of containment/automation (as reflected in the technical conditions) is the main determinant of the process-intrinsic emission potential.	
Exposure duration	≤ 8 h/day
Covers frequency up to:	5 days/week

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Handle product within a closed system	
Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.	
Apply a good standard of general or controlled ventilation when maintenance activities are carried out.	
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure	
Ensure supervision is in place to check that the RMMs are in place and are being used correctly and that the OCs are being followed	

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374	Mandatory since the product is corrosive
Wear suitable working clothes. Chemical resistant safety shoes	Personal protection measures have to be applied in case of potential exposure only.
Use suitable eye protection. Wear suitable face shield	Personal protection measures have to be applied in case of potential exposure only.

Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor or outdoor use	
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3.2.3. Control of worker exposure: Manual activities involving hand contact (PROC19)

PROC19	Manual activities involving hand contact
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Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product	See section 9 of the SDS, No additional information
Concentration of substance in product	≤ 100 %

Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

The actual tonnage handled per shift is not considered to influence the exposure as such for this scenario. Instead, the combination of the scale of operation and level of containment/automation (as reflected in the technical conditions) is the main determinant of the process-intrinsic emission potential.

Exposure duration

≤ 15 min/day

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure

Ensure supervision is in place to check that the RMMs are in place and are being used correctly and that the OCs are being followed

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374

Mandatory since the product is corrosive

Wear suitable working clothes. Chemical resistant safety shoes

Personal protection measures have to be applied in case of potential exposure only.

Use suitable eye protection. Wear suitable face shield

Personal protection measures have to be applied in case of potential exposure only.

Face mask with an ABEK1 filter offering an assigned protection factor of 30

Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor or outdoor use

3.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

No data available

3.4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

3.4.1. Environment

Guidance - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. For scaling see : www.ebrc.de/mease.html

3.4.2. Health

Guidance - Health

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. For scaling see : www.ebrc.de/mease.html

End of document