Air Liquide

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

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# Aligal 12, Aligal 13, Aligal 15

NOAL\_1004 Country : NO / Language : EN

1.1. Product identifier	
Trade name SDS no	: Aligal 12, Aligal 13, Aligal 15 : NOAL_1004
1.2. Relevant identified us	es of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Relevant identified uses	<ul> <li>Industrial and professional uses. Perform risk assessment prior to use.</li> <li>Food applications.</li> <li>Industrial and professional use for chemical analysis, calibration, (routine) quality control laboratory use, under controlled conditions.</li> <li>Contact supplier for more information on uses.</li> </ul>
Jses advised against	<ul> <li>Contact supplier for more information on uses.</li> <li>Consumer use.</li> <li>Uses other than those listed above are not supported, contact your supplier for more information on other uses.</li> </ul>
1.3. Details of the supplier	of the safety data sheet
Company identification	
Supplier AIR LIQUIDE NORWAY A Drammensveien 64 B 3050 Mjøndalen - NORWA T + 47 32 27 41 40 info.norway@airliquide.com	Y
E-Mail address (competen	person) : eunordic-sds@airliquide.com
<b>1.4. Emergency telephone</b> Emergency telephone numb	number
Emergency telephone numb	number er : 112 / Giftinformasjon: + 47 22 59 13 00 Availability (24 / 7)
Emergency telephone numb	number er : 112 / Giftinformasjon: + 47 22 59 13 00 Availability (24 / 7) identification
Emergency telephone numb SECTION 2: Hazards 2.1. Classification of the s	number er : 112 / Giftinformasjon: + 47 22 59 13 00 Availability (24 / 7) identification
Emergency telephone numb SECTION 2: Hazards 2.1. Classification of the s Classification according to	number er : 112 / Giftinformasjon: + 47 22 59 13 00 Availability (24 / 7) identification ubstance or mixture
Emergency telephone numb SECTION 2: Hazards 2.1. Classification of the s Classification according to Physical hazards	number er : 112 / Giftinformasjon: + 47 22 59 13 00 Availability (24 / 7) identification ubstance or mixture Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Emergency telephone numb SECTION 2: Hazards 2.1. Classification of the s Classification according to Physical hazards 2.2. Label elements	number er : 112 / Giftinformasjon: + 47 22 59 13 00 Availability (24 / 7) identification ubstance or mixture Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Emergency telephone numb SECTION 2: Hazards 2.1. Classification of the s Classification according to Physical hazards 2.2. Label elements Labelling according to Res	number ser : 112 / Giftinformasjon: + 47 22 59 13 00 Availability (24 / 7) identification ubstance or mixture Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] Gases under pressure : Compressed gas H280 ulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] :
Emergency telephone numb SECTION 2: Hazards 2.1. Classification of the s Classification according to Physical hazards 2.2. Label elements	number er : 112 / Giftinformasjon: + 47 22 59 13 00 Availability (24 / 7) identification ubstance or mixture Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] Bases under pressure : Compressed gas H280 ulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] : GHS04 : Warning : H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.



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#### 2.3. Other hazards

Asphyxiant in high concentrations.

In high concentrations CO2 causes rapid circulatory insufficiency even at normal levels of oxygen concentration. Symptoms are headache, nausea and vomiting, which may lead to unconsciousness and death. Not classified as PBT or vPvB.

The substance/mixture has no endocrine disrupting properties.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

Not established.

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	Composition [V- %]:	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Carbon dioxide	CAS-No.: 124-38-9 EC-No.: 204-696-9 EC Index-No.: REACH-no: *1	50	Press. Gas (Liq.), H280
Nitrogen	CAS-No.: 7727-37-9 EC-No.: 231-783-9 EC Index-No.: REACH-no: *1	50	Press. Gas (Comp.), H280

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

Contains no other components or impurities which will influence the classification of the product.

\*1: Listed in Annex IV / V REACH, exempted from registration.

\*3: Registration not required: Substance manufactured or imported < 1t/y.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

- Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation if breathing stopped.</li> </ul>
- Skin contact	: Adverse effects not expected from this product.
- Eye contact	: Adverse effects not expected from this product.
- Ingestion	: Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects	s, both acute and delayed
	In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Symptoms may include loss of
	mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation.
	See section 11.
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical a	attention and special treatment needed

None.

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### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1.	Extinguishing media	

- Suitable extinguishing media	<ul> <li>Water spray or fog.</li> <li>Product does not burn, use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire.</li> <li>Do not use water jet to extinguish.</li> </ul>
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance	e or mixture
Specific hazards Hazardous combustion products	<ul><li>Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode.</li><li>None.</li></ul>
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Specific methods	<ul> <li>Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas receptacles to rupture. Cool endangered receptacles with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.</li> <li>If possible, stop flow of product.</li> <li>Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.</li> <li>Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk.</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment for fire fighters	<ul> <li>In confined space use self-contained breathing apparatus.</li> <li>Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.</li> <li>Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.</li> <li>Standard EN 469 - Protective clothing for firefighters. Standard - EN 659: Protective gloves for firefighters.</li> </ul>

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	: Act in accordance with local emergency plan.		
	Try to stop release.		
	Evacuate area.		
	Ensure adequate air ventilation.		
	Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its		
	accumulation can be dangerous.		
	Stay upwind.		
	See section 8 of the SDS for more information on personal protective equipment		
For emergency responders	: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.		
	Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released.		
	See section 5.3 of the SDS for more information.		
6.2. Environmental precautions			
	Try to stop release.		
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up			
	Ventilate area.		
6.4. Reference to other sections			

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.



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### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

7.1.	Precautions	for safe	handling
-			

Safe use of the product	: Do not breathe gas.
	Avoid release of product into atmosphere.
	The product must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.
	Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Consider pressure relief device(s) in gas installations.
	Ensure the complete gas system was (or is regularily) checked for leaks before use.
	Do not smoke while handling product.
	Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure
	and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt. Avoid suck back of water, acid and alkalis.
Safe handling of the gas receptacle	Refer to supplier's container handling instructions.
Sale handling of the gas receptacle	Do not allow backfeed into the container.
	Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop.
	When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.)
	designed to transport cylinders.
	Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a
	wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use.
	If user experiences any difficulty operating valve discontinue use and contact supplier.
	Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices.
	Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier.
	Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminants particularly oil and water.
	Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps where supplied as soon as container
	is disconnected from equipment.
	Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment.
	Never attempt to transfer gases from one cylinder/container to another.
	Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container.
	Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the content
	of the container.
	Suck back of water into the container must be prevented.
	Open valve slowly to avoid pressure shock.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any inc	ompatibilities
	Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers.
	Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion.
	Container valve guards or caps should be in place.
	Containers should be stored in the vertical position and properly secured to prevent them from falling over.
	Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Keep container below 50°C in a well ventilated place.
	Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition.
	Keep away from combustible materials.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	

None.



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### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)	
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IO	EL)
Local name	Carbon dioxide
IOEL TWA	9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
IOEL TWA [ppm]	5000 ppm
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Kohlenstoffdioxid
MAK (mg/m³)	9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
MAK (OEL TWA) [ppm]	5000 ppm
MAK (OEL STEL)	18000 mg/m³
MAK (OEL STEL) [ppm]	10000 ppm
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Carbone (dioxyde de) # Koolstofdioxide
OEL TWA	9131 mg/m³
OEL TWA [ppm]	5000 ppm
OEL STEL	54784 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OEL STEL [ppm]	30000 ppm
Remark	A: La mention A signifie que l'agent libère un gaz ou une vapeur qui n'ont en eux-mêmes aucun effet physiologique mais peuvent diminuerm.Le taux d'oxygène dans l'air. Lorsque le taux d'oxygène descend en dessous de 17-18 % (vol/vol) le manque d'oxygène provoque des suffocations qu'aucun symptôme préalable n'annonce. # De vermelding A betekent dat dit agens gas of damp vrijgeeft dat of die op zich geen fysiologische werking heeft, maar het zuurstofgehalte in de lucht verlaagt. Wanneer het zuurstofgehalte daalt onder de 17-18 % (vol/vol), veroorzaakt het zuurstoftekort verstikking, die zich manifesteert zonder dat er een waarschuwing aan voorafgaat.
Bulgaria - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Въглероден диоксид
OEL TWA	9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OEL TWA [ppm]	5000 ppm
Remark	<ul> <li>(Химични агенти, за които са определени гранични стойности във въздуха на работната среда за Европейската общност)</li> </ul>
Croatia - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Ugljikov dioksid
GVI (OEL TWA) [1]	9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
GVI (OEL TWA) [2]	5000 ppm
Remark	EU**

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Czech Republic - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	Oxid uhli itý		
PEL (OEL TWA)	9000 mg/m³		
PEL (OEL TWA) [ppm]	5000 ppm		
NPK-P (OEL C)	45000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
NPK-P (OEL C) [ppm]	25020 ppm		
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	Carbondioxid (Kuldioxid; Kulsyre)		
OEL TWA [1]	9000 mg/m³		
OEL TWA [2]	5000 ppm		
Estonia - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	Süsinikdioksiid		
OEL TWA	9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
OEL TWA [ppm]	5000 ppm		
Finland - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	Hiilidioksidi		
HTP (OEL TWA) [1]	9100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
HTP (OEL TWA) [2]	5000 ppm		
France - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	Dioxyde de carbone		
VME (OEL TWA)	9000 mg/m³		
VME (OEL TWA) [ppm]	5000 ppm		
Remark	Valeurs règlementaires indicatives		
Germany - Occupational Exposure Limits (TRGS 900)			
Local name	Kohlenstoffdioxid		
AGW (OEL TWA) [1]	9100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
AGW (OEL TWA) [2]	5000 ppm		
Remark	DFG,EU		
Greece - Occupational Exposure Limits			
OEL TWA	9000 mg/m³		
OEL TWA [ppm]	5000 ppm		
OEL STEL	54000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	SZÉN-DIOXID		
AK (OEL TWA)	9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		

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Ireland - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Carbon dioxide	
OEL TWA [1]	9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
OEL TWA [2]	5000 ppm	
OEL STEL	27000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
OEL STEL [ppm]	15000 ppm	
Italy - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Anidride carbonica	
OEL TWA	9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
OEL TWA [ppm]	5000 ppm	
Latvia - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Oglekļadioksīds	
OEL TWA	9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
OEL TWA [ppm]	5000 ppm	
Lithuania - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Anglies dioksidas	
IPRV (OEL TWA)	9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
IPRV (OEL TWA) [ppm]	5000 ppm	
Luxembourg - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Dioxyde de carbone	
OEL TWA	9000 mg/m³	
OEL TWA [ppm]	5000 ppm	
Malta - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Carbondioxide	
OEL TWA	9000 mg/m³	
OEL TWA [ppm]	5000 ppm	
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Kooldioxide	
TGG-8u (OEL TWA)	9000 mg/m³	
Poland - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Ditlenek węgla 7	
NDS (OEL TWA)	9000 mg/m³	
NDSCh (OEL STEL)	27000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Portugal - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Dióxido de carbono	

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		Country : NO / Language : EN	
OEL TWA [ppm]	5000 ppm		
OEL STEL [ppm]	30000 ppm	30000 ppm	
Romania - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	Bioxid de carbon		
OEL TWA	9000 mg/m³		
OEL TWA [ppm]	5000 ppm		
Slovenia - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	ogljikov dioksid		
OEL TWA	9000 mg/m³		
OEL TWA [ppm]	5000 ppm		
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	Dióxido de carbono		
VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [1]	9150 mg/m³		
VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [2]	5000 ppm		
	indicativo. Todos estos agentes o directivas de valores límite indica Bibliografía). Los estados miemb directivas para su transposición a Una vez adoptados, estos valore	<ul> <li>VLI (Agente químico para el que la U.E. estableció en su día un valor límite indicativo. Todos estos agentes químicos figuran al menos en una de las directivas de valores límite indicativos publicadas hasta ahora (ver Anexo C. Bibliografía). Los estados miembros disponen de un tiempo fijado en dichas directivas para su transposición a los valores límites de cada país miembro. Una vez adoptados, estos valores tienen la misma validez que el resto de los valores adoptados por el país).</li> </ul>	
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	Koldioxid		
NGV (OEL TWA)	9000 mg/m³		
NGV (OEL TWA) [ppm]	5000 ppm		
KTV (OEL STEL)	18000 mg/m³	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
KTV (OEL STEL) [ppm]	10000 ppm		
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	Carbon dioxide	Carbon dioxide	
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	9150 mg/m³	9150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [2]	5000 ppm	5000 ppm	
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	27400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	27400 mg/m³	
WEL STEL (OEL STEL) [ppm]	15000 ppm	15000 ppm	
Iceland - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	Koldíoxíð (koltvísýringur, kolsýra	)	
OEL TWA			
	9000 mg/m³		

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Norway	- Occupational	Exposure Limits
····,		

_ocal name	Karbondioksid
Grenseverdi (OEL TWA) [1]	9000 mg/m³
Grenseverdi (OEL TWA) [2]	5000 ppm
Switzerland - Occupational Exposure Limits	
_ocal name	Kohlendioxid
MAK (OEL TWA) [1]	9000 mg/m³
MAK (OEL TWA) [2]	5000 ppm
Remark	Asphyxie - NIOSH
JSA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
_ocal name	Carbon dioxide
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	5000 ppm
ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	30000 ppm

8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Systems under pressure should be regularily checked for leakages. Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available). Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Consider the use of a work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.

#### 8.2.2. Individual protection measures, e.g. personal protective equipment

	A risk assessment should be conducted and documented in each work area to assess the risks related to the use of the product and to select the PPE that matches the relevant risk. The following recommendations should be considered:
	PPE compliant to the recommended EN/ISO standards should be selected.
<ul> <li>Eye/face protection</li> </ul>	: Wear safety glasses with side shields.
	Standard EN 166 - Personal eye-protection - specifications.
Skin protection	
- Hand protection	: Wear working gloves when handling gas containers.
	Standard EN 388 - Protective gloves against mechanical risk, performance level 1 or higher.
- Other	: Wear safety shoes while handling containers.
	Standard EN ISO 20345 - Personal protective equipment - Safety footwear.

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<ul> <li>Respiratory protection</li> </ul>	: Gas filters may be used if all surrounding conditions e. contaminant(s) and duration of use are known.	
	Use gas filters with full face mask, where exposure lim	its may be exceeded for a short-term
	period, e.g. connecting or disconnecting containers.	
	Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compre face mask.	ssed air breathing apparatus with full
	When indicated by a risk assessment, Respiratory Pro selection of the Respiratory Protective Device (RPD) n	
	anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the produc selected RPD.	
	Gas filters do not protect against oxygen deficiency.	
	Self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or positive used in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.	pressure airline with mask are to be
	Standard EN 14387 - Gas filter(s), combined filter(s) a	nd standard EN136, full face masks .
	Self contained breathing apparatus is recommended, v expected, e.g. during maintenance activities on installa	
	None in addition to the above sections	

None necessary.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
- Physical state at 20°C / 101.3kPa	: Gas
- Colour	: Colourless
Odour	: Odourless.
	Odour threshold is subjective and inadequate to warn of overexposure.
pH	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Melting point / Freezing point	: Not applicable for gas mixtures.
Boiling point	: Not applicable for gas mixtures.
Flash point	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Flammability	: Non flammable.
Explosive limits	: Non flammable.
Lower explosion limit	: Not available
Upper explosion limit	: Not available
Vapour pressure [20°C]	: Not applicable.
Vapour pressure [50°C]	: Not applicable.
Density	: Not applicable
Vapour density	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Relative density, liquid (water=1)	: Not applicable
Relative density, gas (air=1)	: Heavier than air.
Water solubility	: Solubility in water of component(s) of the mixture :
	Carbon dioxide: 2000 mg/l Completely soluble.      Nitrogen: 20 mg/l
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	: Not applicable for gas mixtures.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Non flammable.
Decomposition temperature	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: No reliable data available.
Particle characteristics	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.

### 9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties	:	Not applicable.
Oxidising properties	:	Not applicable.

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#### 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Molar mass Evaporation rate Other data

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Not applicable for gas mixtures.

: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.

: Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity	
10.1. Reactivity	
	No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.
10.2. Chemical stability	
	Stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	
	None under normal use.
Reactivity	: None.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
	Avoid moisture in installation systems.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
	For additional information on compatibility refer to ISO 11114.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	
	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008		
Acute toxicity	<ul> <li>Toxicological effects not expected from this product if occupational exposure limit values are not exceeded.</li> <li>Unlike simple asphyxiants, carbon dioxide has the ability to cause death even when normal oxygen levels (20-21%) are maintained. 5% CO2 has been found to act synergistically to increase the toxicity of certain other gases (CO, NO2). CO2 has been shown to enhance the production of carboxy- or met-hemoglobin by these gases possibly due to carbon dioxide's stimulatory effects on the respiratory and circulatory systems.</li> <li>For more information, see 'EIGA Safety Info 24: Carbon Dioxide, Physiological Hazards' at</li> </ul>	
	www.eiga.eu.	
Skin corrosion/irritation	: No known effects from this product.	
Serious eye damage/irritation	: No known effects from this product.	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: No known effects from this product.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	: No known effects from this product.	
Carcinogenicity	: No known effects from this product.	
Toxic for reproduction : Fertility	: No known effects from this product.	
Toxic for reproduction : unborn child	: No known effects from this product.	
STOT-single exposure	: No known effects from this product.	
STOT-repeated exposure	: No known effects from this product.	



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#### Aspiration hazard

: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

Other information

: For more information, see 'EIGA Safety Info 24: Carbon Dioxide, Physiological Hazards' at www.eiga.eu.

Unlike simple asphyxiants, carbon dioxide has the ability to cause death even when normal oxygen levels (20-21%) are maintained. 5% CO2 has been found to act synergistically to increase the toxicity of certain other gases (CO, NO2). CO2 has been shown to enhance the production of carboxy- or met-hemoglobin by these gases possibly due to carbon dioxide's stimulatory effects on the respiratory and circulatory systems. The substance/mixture has no endocrine disrupting properties.

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

12.1. Toxicity	
Assessment	: No ecological damage caused by this product.
EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l] EC50 72h - Algae [mg/l]	: No data available. : No data available.
LC50 96 h - Fish [mg/l]	: No data available.
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
Assessment	: No ecological damage caused by this product.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Assessment	: No data available.
<u>12.4. Mobility in soil</u>	
Assessment	: Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution. Partition into soil is unlikely.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	
Assessment	: Not classified as PBT or vPvB.
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties	
	The substance/mixture has no endocrine disrupting properties.
12.7. Other adverse effects	
Other adverse effects	: No known effects from this product.
Effect on the ozone layer	: None.
Effect on global warming	: Contains greenhouse gas(es).

#### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

	May be vented to atmosphere in a well ventilated place.
	Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous.
	Return unused product in original container to supplier.
List of hazardous waste codes (from Commission	: 16 05 05 : Gases in pressure containers other than those mentioned in 16 05 04.
Decision 2000/532/EC as amended)	

#### 13.2. Additional information

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.



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### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### 14.1. UN number or ID number

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN UN-No.

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) Transport by sea (IMDG)

# Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Carbon dioxide, Nitrogen) COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. (Carbon dioxide, Nitrogen)

: COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. (Carbon dioxide, Nitrogen)



Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)				
Class				
Classification code				
Hazard identification number				
Tunnel Restriction				
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)				
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) Class / Div. (Sub. risk(s))				
,				
Class / Div. (Sub. risk(s))				

Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Fire Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Spillage

#### 14.4. Packing group

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) Transport by sea (IMDG)

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) Transport by sea (IMDG)

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

#### Packing Instruction(s)

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Cargo Aircraft only Transport by sea (IMDG)

Special transport precautions



2.2 : Non-flammable, non-toxic gases.

- : 2
- : 1A
  - 20

:

- : E Passage forbidden through tunnels of category E
- : 2.2
- : 2.2
- : F-C : S-V
- : Not established.
- : Not established.
- None.
- : None.
- : None.
- \_ . . .
- : P200
- : 200.
- 200.
- P200
- : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in

the event of an accident or an emergency.

- Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation.
- Ensure that containers are firmly secured.
- Ensure valve is closed and not leaking.
- Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted.



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15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

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14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

EU-Regulations	
Restrictions on use	: None. Contains no substance(s) listed on the REACH Candidate List
National legislation Seveso Directive : 2012/18/EU (Seveso III)	<ul><li>Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.</li><li>Not covered.</li></ul>
National regulations	

Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

France					
Occupational diseases					
Code	Description				
RG 66	Occupational rhinitis and asthma				

#### Germany

Germany		
Water hazard class (WGK)	:	WGK nwg, Non-hazardous to water (Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1)
National Rules and Recommendations	:	[German regulations] BetriebssicherheitsV mit TRBSen insbesondere TRBS 3145 / TRGS
		725 Ortsbewegliche Druckgasbehälter", TRBS 2141, BGRegel 500 Teil 2.33: "Umgang mit Gasen", GefahrstoffV mit Technischen Regeln Gefährliche Stoffe TRGS insbesondere
		TRGS 407 "Tätigkeiten mit Gasen - Gefährdungsbeurteilung", TRGS 400, 500, 510, 900."
Nathaulauda		
Netherlands		
SZW-lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen	:	None of the components are listed
SZW-lijst van mutagene stoffen	:	None of the components are listed
SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Borstvoeding	:	None of the components are listed
SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen –	:	None of the components are listed
Vruchtbaarheid		
SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Ontwikkeling	:	None of the components are listed
Switzerland		
Storage class (LK)	:	LK 2 - Liquefied or pressurized gases
15.2. Chemical safety assessment		
,,		
		A CSA does not need to be carried out for this product.

SECTION 16: Other information	
Indication of changes	: Safety data sheet in accordance with commission regulation (EU) No 2020/878.

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<b>O</b> Air Liquide		Revised edition no : 4.0
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Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate</li> <li>CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; F</li> <li>REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and F</li> <li>(EC) No 1907/2006</li> <li>EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial</li> <li>CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number</li> <li>PPE - Personal Protection Equipment</li> <li>LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test populatio</li> <li>RMM - Risk Management Measures</li> <li>PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic</li> <li>vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative</li> <li>STOT- SE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Ex</li> <li>CSA - Chemical Safety Assessment</li> <li>EN - European Standard</li> <li>UN - United Nations</li> <li>ADR - European Agreement concerning the Internation</li> <li>Road</li> <li>IATA - International Air Transport Association</li> <li>IMDG code - International Maritime Dangerous Goods</li> <li>RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriag</li> <li>WGK - Water Hazard Class</li> <li>STOT - RE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated</li> <li>UFI : Unique Formula Identifier</li> </ul>	Restriction of Chemicals Regulation Chemical Substances on posure nal Carriage of Dangerous Goods by s ge of Dangerous Goods by Rail d Exposure
Training advice	<ul> <li>The hazard of asphyxiation is often overlooked and mu training.</li> <li>For more guidance, refer to EIGA SL 01 "Dangers of A http://www.eiga.eu</li> </ul>	
Further information	<ul> <li>Classification using data from databases maintained by Association (EIGA). Data is maintained in EIGA doc 16 Guide', downloadable at : http://www.eiga.eu.</li> <li>Classification in accordance with the procedures and c (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP).</li> </ul>	69 : 'Classification and Labelling

ull text of H- and EUH-statements		
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.	
Press. Gas (Comp.)	Gases under pressure : Compressed gas	
Press. Gas (Liq.)	Gases under pressure : Liquefied gas	

DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY

Before using this product in any new process or experiment, a thorough material compatibility and safety study should be carried out.
 Details given in this document are believed to be correct at the time of going to press.
 Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted.

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